

Ejercicios de conectores de contraste en inglés

Nivel: B1

Elige el conector según lo que viene después

En la estructura completa que se enseña aquí, *although* introduce un sujeto y un verbo. *Despite* introduce un nombre o una forma en *-ing*. *However* conecta dos afirmaciones independientes. También existen oraciones reducidas con *although*.

Although + oración: *Although it was raining, we went out.* En esta estructura habitual, después de *although* hay un sujeto y un verbo.

Despite + nombre: *Despite the rain, we went out.* Después de *despite* hay un sintagma nominal.

Despite + -ing: *Despite feeling tired, she finished the race.* Una expresión en *-ing* puede seguir a *despite*.

However + oración: *It was raining. However, we went out.* Aquí *however* introduce una afirmación de contraste.

Sin of: Usa *despite the rain*, no *despite of the rain*. *In spite of* también es correcto, pero son tres palabras.

Ejercicio 1: Elige el conector

Elige el conector que corresponde a la gramática y puntuación de la oración.

1. ___ it was raining, we walked to school.
a) Although b) Despite c) However
2. ___ the rain, we walked to school.
a) Although b) Despite c) However
3. The train was late. ___, we arrived on time.
a) Although b) Despite c) However
4. ___ her tiredness, she kept working.
a) Although b) Despite c) However
5. ___ he was nervous, he spoke clearly.
a) Although b) Despite c) However
6. The room was small. ___, everyone found a seat.
a) Although b) Despite c) However

Ejercicio 2: Completa el contraste

Escribe **although**, **despite** o **however**. Fíjate en la oración, el nombre o la puntuación.

7. ___ she was tired, she finished the report. (seguido de una oración completa)
8. ___ the noise, I slept well. (seguido de un sintagma nominal)
9. The road was closed. ___, we found another route. (empieza una nueva oración de contraste)

10. ___ the long day at work, he still had energy. (seguido de un sintagma nominal)
11. ___ the shop was busy, the service was quick. (seguido de una oración completa)
12. It was cold. ___, we went swimming. (empieza una nueva oración de contraste)

Ejercicio 3: Corrige el conector

Sustituye el conector incorrecto por el que corresponde a las palabras siguientes. Conserva el resto de la oración.

13. Despite it was raining, we went out.

14. Although the rain, we went out.

15. The route was long. Despite, we arrived early.

16. Although of her nerves, she gave the speech.

17. Despite of the delay, we arrived on time.

18. The task was hard. Although, we finished it.

Soluciones

Ejercicio 1: Elige el conector

1. a) Although
2. b) Despite
3. c) However
4. b) Despite
5. a) Although
6. c) However

Ejercicio 2: Completa el contraste

7. although
8. despite
9. however
10. despite
11. although
12. however

Ejercicio 3: Corrige el conector

13. Although it was raining, we went out.
14. Despite the rain, we went out.
15. The route was long. However, we arrived early.
16. Despite her nerves, she gave the speech.
17. Despite the delay, we arrived on time.
18. The task was hard. However, we finished it.

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