

Pasado de become en inglés: became y become

El verbo become es irregular. El pasado es became. El participio es become, igual que la forma base, así que se dice have become, no have became.

Base	become
Pasado	became
Participio	become
3rd person / -ing	becomes / becoming

Ejemplos

Leaves become red in autumn. — Un hecho habitual en presente con sujeto plural usa become.

I want to become a nurse. — Después de to, el verbo se queda en become.

She became a teacher in 2020. — Un año terminado indica la forma de pasado became.

The sky became dark very fast last night. — La expresión last night ya terminó, así que usa became.

He has become a good cook. — La estructura has become usa el participio become.

It has become very hot this week. — La expresión this week va con has become.

Notas

¿Became o become? Usa became para un momento terminado: She became a doctor in 2018. Usa become después de have, has, to o will: He has become a doctor. I want to become a doctor.

Become más sustantivo o adjetivo El verbo become indica un cambio: become a teacher, become angry, become famous. En el habla cotidiana, get es frecuente con adjetivos: It gets cold at night.

Errores frecuentes

She becomed a doctor. → She became a doctor. — El verbo become es irregular: el pasado es became, no becomed.

He has became a manager. → He has become a manager. — Después de has se usa el participio become, no became.

I want to became a singer. → I want to become a singer. — Después de to se usa la forma base become.

Ejercicios

Elige la forma correcta

1. My brother ___ a doctor last year. (become / became / becomed)
2. It has ___ very cold today. (became / become / becoming)
3. I want to ___ a good singer. (become / became / becoming)
4. The weather ___ cold last night. (becomes / became / become)

Escribe la forma que falta

1. She ___ a teacher last year.
2. He has ___ my best friend.
3. In winter it ___ dark early.

Corrige el error

1. She has became a nurse.

Soluciones

Elige la forma correcta

1. became — La expresión last year ya terminó: usa became.
2. become — Después de has, el participio es become.
3. become — Después de to se usa la forma base become.
4. became — La expresión last night ya terminó: usa became.

Escribe la forma que falta

1. became — La expresión last year ya terminó, así que el pasado es became.
2. become — El auxiliar has lleva el participio become.
3. becomes — Un hecho general en presente con it usa becomes.

Corrige el error

1. become — Después de has se usa el participio become.

<https://www.fluencyroad.com/es/verbos-irregulares/become>