

Pasado de make en inglés: made

El verbo make es irregular. El pasado y el participio son la misma palabra: made. No añadas -ed a make.

Base	make
Pasado	made
Participio	made
3rd person / -ing	makes / making

Ejemplos

I make coffee every morning. — Un hábito diario usa la forma base make.

We make a big salad for lunch. — El verbo make se usa a menudo para preparar comida.

She made a cake for my birthday. — La forma made es el pasado y no necesita auxiliar.

He made a mistake in the test. — La expresión make a mistake es una expresión fija.

I have made a new friend. — Después de have, el participio también es made.

They have made a lot of noise. — La construcción have made es presente perfecto.

Notas

¿Make o do? Usa make para crear o producir algo: make a cake, make a plan, make a mistake. Usa do para tareas y actividades: do homework, do the dishes.

Expresiones frecuentes con make Conviene aprenderlas juntas: make friends, make a decision, make a phone call, make money, make a noise.

Errores frecuentes

I maked a cake. → I made a cake. — El verbo make es irregular: su pasado es made, nunca maked.

She makes her homework every day. → She does her homework every day. — La palabra homework es una tarea, así que el inglés usa do, no make.

He has make dinner. → He has made dinner. — Después de has o have se usa el participio made.

Ejercicios

Elige la forma correcta

1. These days my dad ___ eggs on Sundays. (make / makes / made)
2. She ___ a mistake yesterday. (make / made / makes)
3. We have ___ a plan for the weekend. (made / make / maked)
4. Please ___ your bed before school. (made / make / makes)

Escribe la forma que falta

1. I ___ lunch for the kids yesterday.
2. He has ___ a big decision.
3. They ___ chairs in that factory now.

Corrige el error

1. They maked a lot of noise last night.

Soluciones

Elige la forma correcta

1. makes — Una rutina con dad usa makes.
2. made — La palabra yesterday indica pasado: usa made.
3. made — Después de have se usa el participio made.
4. make — Una orden cortés usa la forma base make.

Escribe la forma que falta

1. made — La palabra yesterday pide el pasado made.
2. made — El auxiliar has más participio da has made.
3. make — Un hecho presente con they usa make.

Corrige el error

1. made — La forma de pasado es made, no maked.

<https://www.fluencyroad.com/es/verbos-irregulares/make>