

Exercícios de tempos narrativos em inglês

Nível: B1

Nome: _____ Data: _____

Organize os acontecimentos de uma história

Use o passado simples para os acontecimentos principais, o passado contínuo para o que estava em andamento e o passado perfeito para algo anterior a outro momento passado.

Acontecimentos principais: O passado simples faz a história avançar: *I opened the door and went inside.*

Cena de fundo: O passado contínuo descreve uma ação em andamento: *It was raining when I left.*

Acontecimento anterior: O passado perfeito situa algo antes de outro momento: *The bus had left before I reached the stop.*

Interrupção: Uma ação breve no passado simples pode interromper outra em andamento: *I was cooking when the phone rang.*

Ordem dos fatos: Escolha o tempo pela ordem dos acontecimentos, não por uma palavra isolada. Uma história pode combinar os três.

Exercício 1: Escolha o tempo narrativo

Escolha a forma que corresponde à ordem dos acontecimentos.

- I ___ home when I saw the accident.
a) was walk b) was walking c) were walking
- When we reached the cinema, the film ___. We missed the beginning.
a) started b) was starting c) had started
- The doorbell rang. Sam ___ the door and greeted his friend.
a) opened b) was opening c) had opened
- The street was wet, and it ___ heavily as the taxi arrived.
a) were raining b) was raining c) had raining
- I knew her name because we ___ before.
a) had meet b) were meet c) had met
- I turned off the light and ___ to bed.
a) went b) was going c) had gone

Exercício 2: Complete a história

Digite a forma correta do verbo: passado simples, contínuo ou perfeito.

- I ___ dinner when the lights went out. It was only half cooked. (*cook*: ação em andamento)
- By the time she called, I ___ the message. (*read*)

9. Tom picked up his bag and ___ the room. (*leave*)
10. The children ___ outside when it began to rain. They kept playing for a while. (*play*: ação em andamento)
11. She couldn't get in because she ___ her key at work. (*leave*: acontecimento anterior; use passado perfeito)
12. We finished breakfast and ___ for the station. (*leave*)

Exercício 3: Corrija o tempo narrativo

Troque a forma verbal incorreta pela forma passada adequada.

13. I was cook dinner when the lights went out.

14. By the time we arrived, the show had start.

15. The phone rang, so I was answering it.

16. She was knowing the address because she had been there before.

17. I couldn't pay because I was leaving my wallet at home.

18. The wind was blow when we left the house, and it was still blowing an hour later.

Gabarito

Exercício 1: Escolha o tempo narrativo

1. b) was walking
2. c) had started
3. a) opened
4. b) was raining
5. c) had met
6. a) went

Exercício 2: Complete a história

7. was cooking
8. had read
9. left
10. were playing
11. had left
12. left

Exercício 3: Corrija o tempo narrativo

13. I was cooking dinner when the lights went out.
14. By the time we arrived, the show had started.
15. The phone rang, so I answered it.
16. She knew the address because she had been there before.
17. I couldn't pay because I had left my wallet at home.
18. The wind was blowing when we left the house, and it was still blowing an hour later.