

Passado de have em inglês: had

O verbo have é irregular. Seu passado e seu particípio são had. No presente, use has com he, she e it.

Base	have
Past	had
Past participle	had
3rd person / -ing	has / having

Examples

I have two brothers. — Have pode indicar posse ou relações familiares.

They have a small garden. — Use have com I, you, we e they.

She had a headache this morning. — Had é o passado de have e de has.

We had pizza for dinner. — Have também aparece em expressões como have dinner.

He has had the same phone for years. — Em has had, has é auxiliar e had é particípio.

I have had a busy week. — Have had relaciona o passado ao presente.

Notes

Has ou have? No presente, use has com he, she e it: She has a dog. Use have com I, you, we e they.

Verbo principal ou auxiliar Have pode ser o verbo principal (I have a car) ou um auxiliar do presente perfeito (I have finished). I have got a car também indica posse. Depois de did ou does, use a forma básica: I did not have time.

Common mistakes

She have a dog. → She has a dog. — Com he, she e it no presente, use has.

I haved breakfast. → I had breakfast. — O passado de have é had, nunca haved.

I didn't had time. → I didn't have time. — Depois de did ou didn't, volte à forma básica have.

Exercises

Escolha a forma correta

1. My sister ___ a new bike now. (have / has / had)
2. We ___ a great trip last summer. (has / had / have)
3. I have ___ this bag for three years. (have / has / had)
4. They ___ breakfast at eight these days. (has / have / had)

Escreva a forma que falta

1. She ___ long hair now.
2. Yesterday I ___ a cold.
3. We have ___ lunch already.

Corrija o erro

1. He have a big family.

Answer key

Escolha a forma correta

1. has — Sister equivale a she; no presente, use has.
2. had — Last summer indica passado; use had.
3. had — Depois de have, o particípio de have é had.
4. have — These days indica um hábito atual; com they, use have.

Escreva a forma que falta

1. has — Com she no presente, use has.
2. had — Yesterday pede o passado had.
3. had — O auxiliar have seguido do particípio forma have had.

Corrija o erro

1. has — Com he no presente, use has.

<https://www.fluencyroad.com/pt-br/verbos-irregulares/have>