

Meio ambiente e natureza em inglês

Nível: B1

Nome: _____ Data: _____

Aprenda 29 palavras para falar do meio ambiente, da natureza e da energia. Leia cada palavra e o exemplo, e depois faça os exercícios. São úteis para dar opiniões e entender as notícias: você pode dizer o que aconteceu com o planeta e o que faria para protegê-lo.

Problemas ambientais

pollution	poluição	Air pollution is a big problem in many large cities.
rubbish	lixo (trash ou garbage no inglês americano)	People left a lot of rubbish on the beach after the festival.
waste	resíduos, desperdício	We produce too much waste , and a lot of it is food.
plastic	plástico	A lot of plastic is thrown into the sea every year.
global warming	aquecimento global	Global warming is making the summers longer and hotter.
climate	clima	The climate here has changed: the winters are warmer than they used to be.
drought	seca	The drought has lasted three months, and the farmers have no water.
flood	enchente, inundação	Heavy rain caused a flood , and many streets were under water.
fuel	combustível	Most cars use fuel such as petrol, and it is getting more expensive.

A natureza e o planeta

environment	meio ambiente	We must protect the environment for the next generation.
nature	natureza	I love spending weekends in nature , far from the city.
planet	planeta	There is no other planet where we can live.
forest	floresta	A huge forest was cut down to build the new road.
wildlife	fauna e flora silvestres, vida selvagem	The park is a safe place for wildlife , like rabbits and birds.
species	espécie	Many species of animals are disappearing because of humans.
ocean	oceano	The ocean is full of plastic, and the fish are eating it.

A energia

energy	energia	Our school saves energy by turning off the lights at night.
renewable	renovável	More and more countries are using renewable energy.

solar power	energia solar	If I had a bigger roof, I would use solar power at home.
electricity	eletricidade	The village didn't have electricity until 2005.

O que fazemos com a natureza

protect	proteger	The new law will protect wild animals and the places where they live.
recycle	reciclar	In my town, we recycle glass, paper and plastic.
reduce	reduzir	We need to reduce the amount of plastic we use.
reuse	reutilizar	I reuse my shopping bags instead of buying new ones.
throw away	jogar fora	Don't throw away old clothes; give them to a charity.
damage	danificar	Cars and factories damage the air we breathe.
destroy	destruir	Fires have destroyed a large part of the forest.
endangered	ameaçado de extinção	The tiger is an endangered animal, so it is protected by law.
harmful	prejudicial, nocivo	Some chemicals are harmful to fish and birds.

Exercício 1: Ligue as palavras

Ligue cada palavra ao seu desenho ou ao seu significado.

1. forest → _____
2. ocean → _____
3. planet → _____
4. recycle → _____
5. electricity → _____
6. rubbish → _____
7. drought → _____
8. renewable → _____

muito tempo sem chuva nunca acaba; pode ser usada várias vezes ♻ ✂ 📁 📁 📁 📁

Exercício 2: Escolha a palavra correta

Escolha a resposta correta para cada frase.

9. Factories and cars cause a lot of air ____.
a) pollution b) climate c) wildlife
10. Please put your ____ in the bin. Don't leave it on the street.
a) energy b) rubbish c) forest

11. Solar power and wind power are examples of ___ energy.
a) harmful b) endangered c) renewable
12. Tigers are ___ animals. There are very few left in the wild.
a) endangered b) harmful c) recycled
13. If we didn't use so much plastic, the oceans ___ cleaner.
a) will be b) would be c) are
14. Scientists say that global ___ is making the Earth hotter.
a) energy b) waste c) warming
15. Which word means the usual weather in a place over many years?
a) climate b) drought c) flood

Exercício 3: Complete a lacuna

Escreva a palavra que falta.

16. The fire has ___ the whole forest. Nothing is left. (destruir)
17. Heavy rain caused a ___ in the town, and the streets were under water.
18. I ___ my old school bag instead of buying a new one every year. (usar de novo)
19. A lot of animals live in the ___. It is full of trees. (□□)
20. Most cars use ___, and it is getting more expensive. (energia para os carros)
21. We must ___ the environment for our children. (manter a salvo de danos)
22. The village didn't have ___ until 2005, so people went to bed early. (↗)

Exercício 4: Choose the Word in the Picture

Look at each picture and choose its English word.



23. a) pollution b) rubbish c) waste d) plastic



24. a) flood b) fuel c) environment d) drought



25. a) forest b) planet c) wildlife d) species



26. a) renewable b) solar power c) electricity d) protect



27. a) reduce b) reuse c) throw away d) damage



28. a) harmful b) pollution c) rubbish d) waste

Gabarito

Exercício 1: Ligue as palavras

1. forest → 
2. ocean → 
3. planet → 
4. recycle → 
5. electricity → 
6. rubbish → 
7. drought → muito tempo sem chuva
8. renewable → nunca acaba; pode ser usada várias vezes

Exercício 2: Escolha a palavra correta

9. a) pollution
10. b) rubbish
11. c) renewable
12. a) endangered
13. b) would be
14. c) warming
15. a) climate

Exercício 3: Complete a lacuna

16. destroyed
17. flood
18. reuse / re-use
19. forest
20. fuel / fuels
21. protect / save
22. electricity / power

Exercício 4: Choose the Word in the Picture

23. a) pollution
24. d) drought
25. b) planet
26. a) renewable
27. a) reduce
28. a) harmful